



# Reference Event List (GT) for monitoring purposes

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#### **IASPEI** reference events

- → Earthquakes and explosions for which the hypocentral information (*lat, lon, depth*) is known with high confidence (e.g., to 10 km or better, GT10) with seismic signals recorded at regional and/or teleseismic distances.
- → Events coded by category GT0, GT1, GT2, or GT5 where the epicentre of a GTx event is known within x km to a 95% confidence level.
- → 8969 events from 1959 to 2015.
- → 917604 body-wave associated phase arrivals.

#### IASPEI reference events – Selection criteria (GTx)

#### **Local networks (0°-2.5°)**

- → GT5 (95% confidence level)
- → Azimuthal gap less than 110°
- → Secondary azimuthal gap less than 160°
- → At least 10 stations within 250 km
- → At least one station within 30 km from the epicentre

#### **Teleseismic networks (28°-91°)**

- → GT25 (90% confidence level)
- → Secondary azimuthal gap less than 120°

#### **Near-regional networks (2.5°-10°)**

- → GT20 (90% confidence level)
- → Secondary azimuthal gap less than 120°

#### Regional networks (2.5°-20°)

- → GT25 (90% confidence level)
- → Secondary azimuthal gap less than 120°

## IASPEI reference events – Selection criteria (GT5)

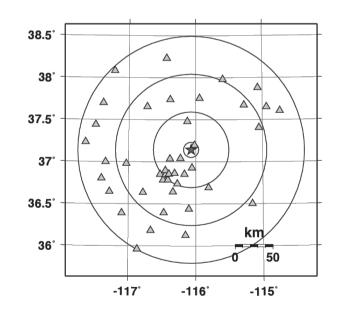
- → Stations up to 150 km
- → At least one station within 10 km from the epicentre
- → Secondary azimuthal gap less than 160°
- → Network geometry ( $\Delta U \leq 0.35$ )

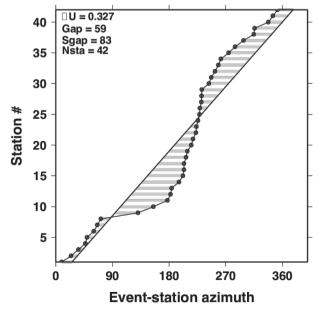
$$\Delta U = \frac{4\sum |az_i - (unif_i + b)|}{360N}$$

$$\Delta U \in [0,1]$$

$$unif_i = \frac{360i}{N}$$

$$b = \overline{az_i} - \overline{unif_i}$$





N: nb of stations

Bondar & McLaughlin, 2009

#### IASPEI reference events – GTx work-flow chart

#### **Bulletin of the International Seismological Centre**



Routine review of the ISC bulletin for GT5 candidate events

Search for GT events in publications









Send GT5 selection for review to the IASPEI working group

Update the GT database

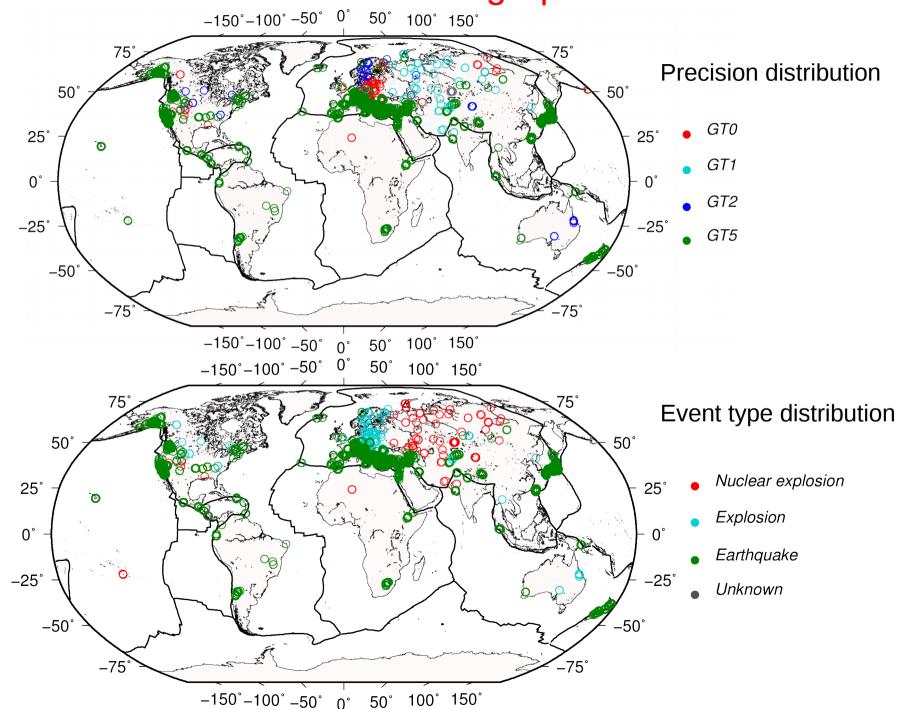




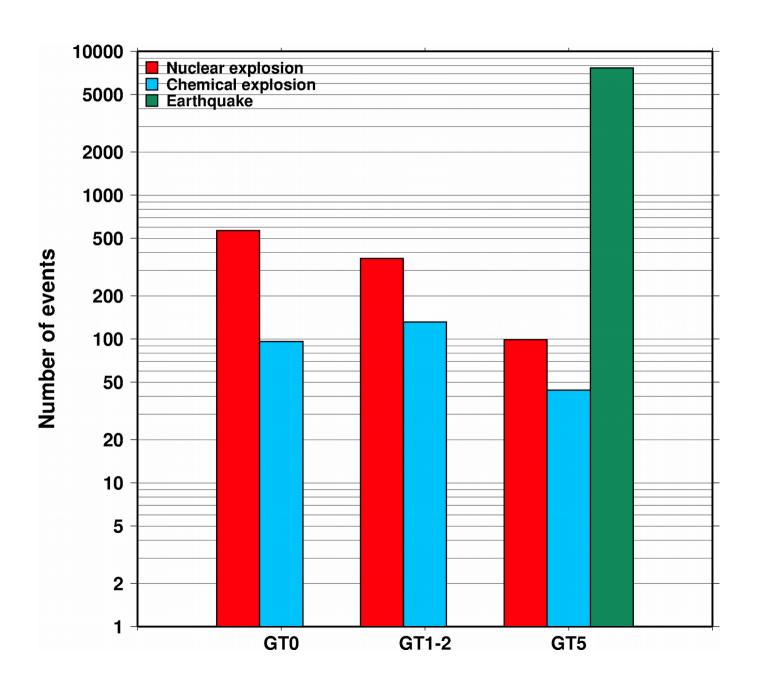
Nominate an event

**IASPEI Ground Truth (GT)** reference events

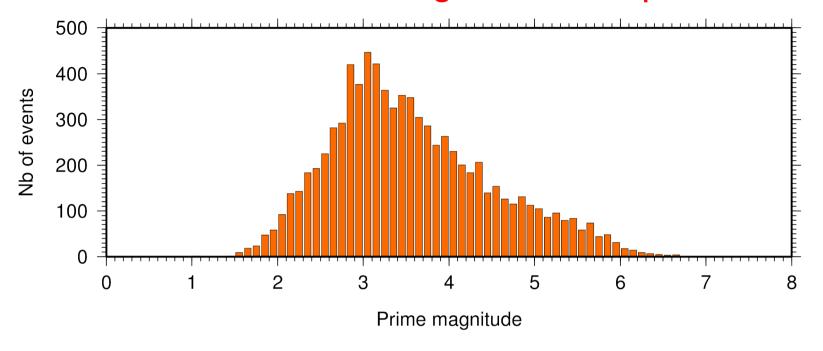
### IASPEI reference events – Geographic distribution

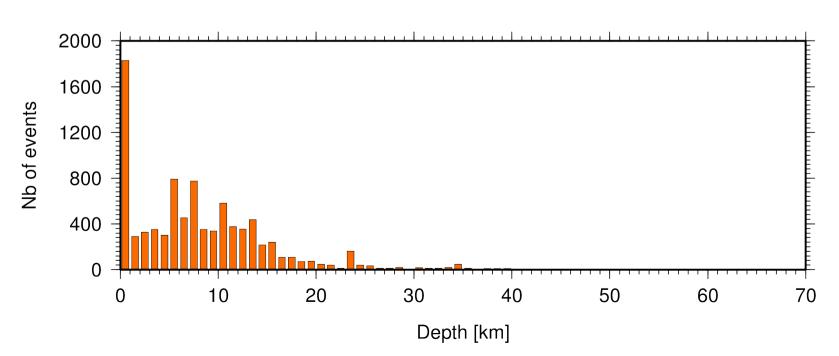


# IASPEI reference events – Precision & event type distribution

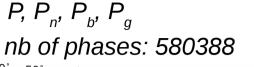


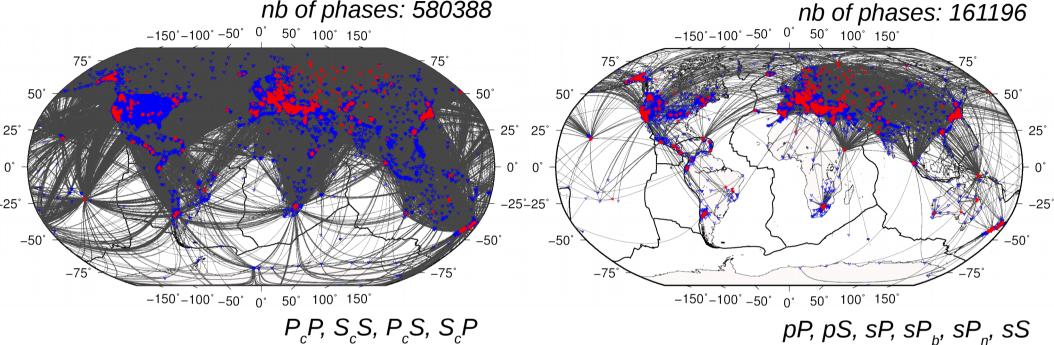
## IASPEI reference events - Magnitude & depth distribution





### IASPEI reference events – Associated phases





50°

-50°

25°

0° 0°

-25°-25°

25

 $P_cP_s$ ,  $S_cS_s$ ,  $P_cS_s$ ,  $S_cP_s$ nb of phases: 6450

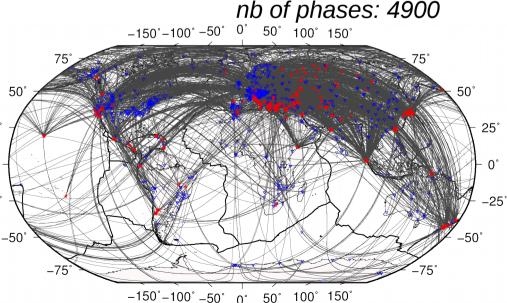
-150°-100°-50° 0° 50° 100° 150°

-150°-100°-50° 0° 50° 100° 150°

50

-50°

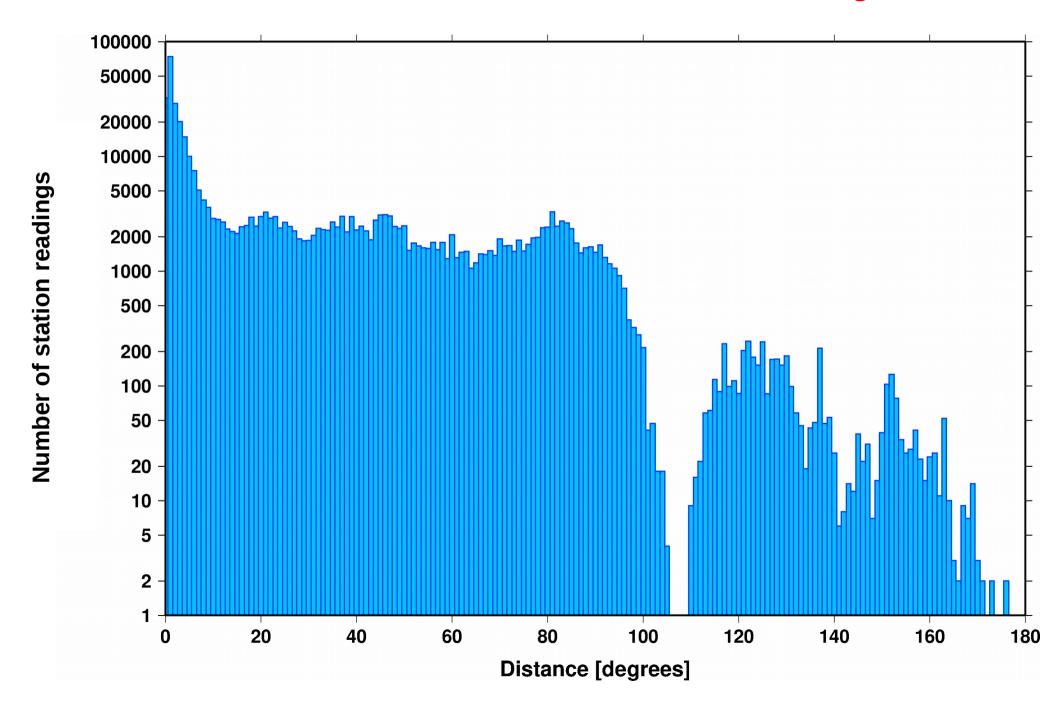
25°



nb of phases: 4900

 $S_n, S_n, S_b, S_q$ 

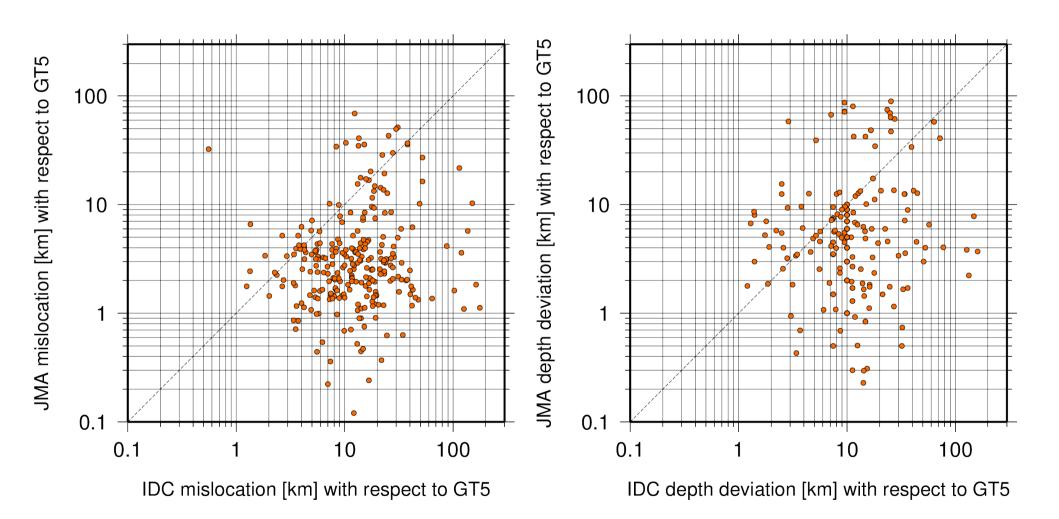
# IASPEI reference events – Station readings



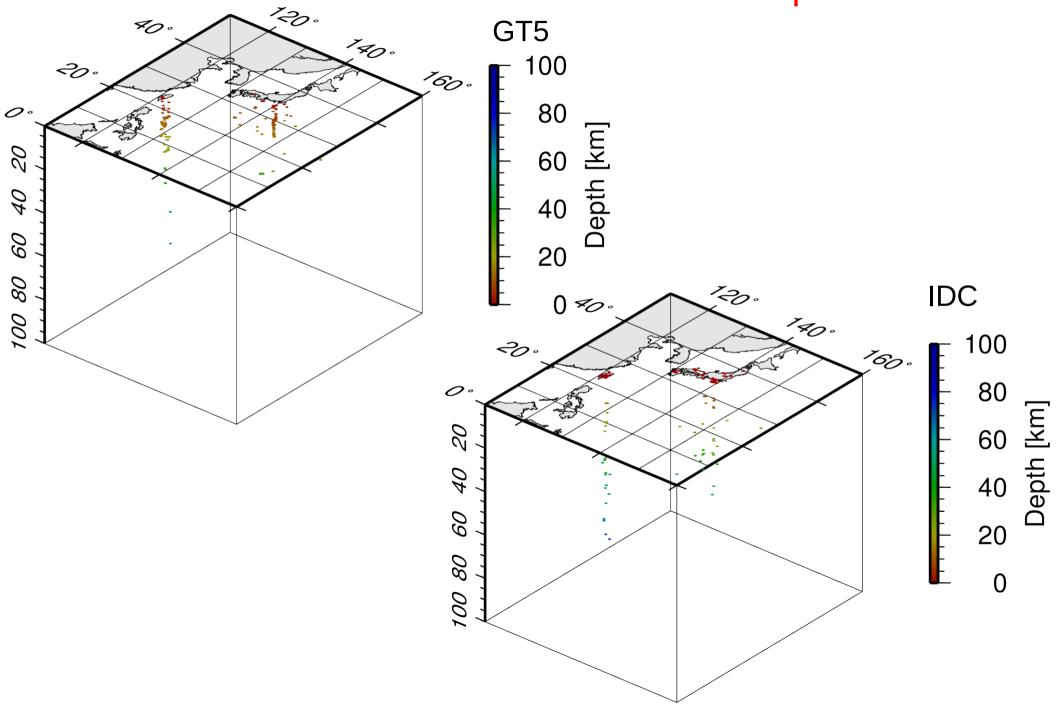
# IASPEI reference events – Network comparisons

nb of events = 267

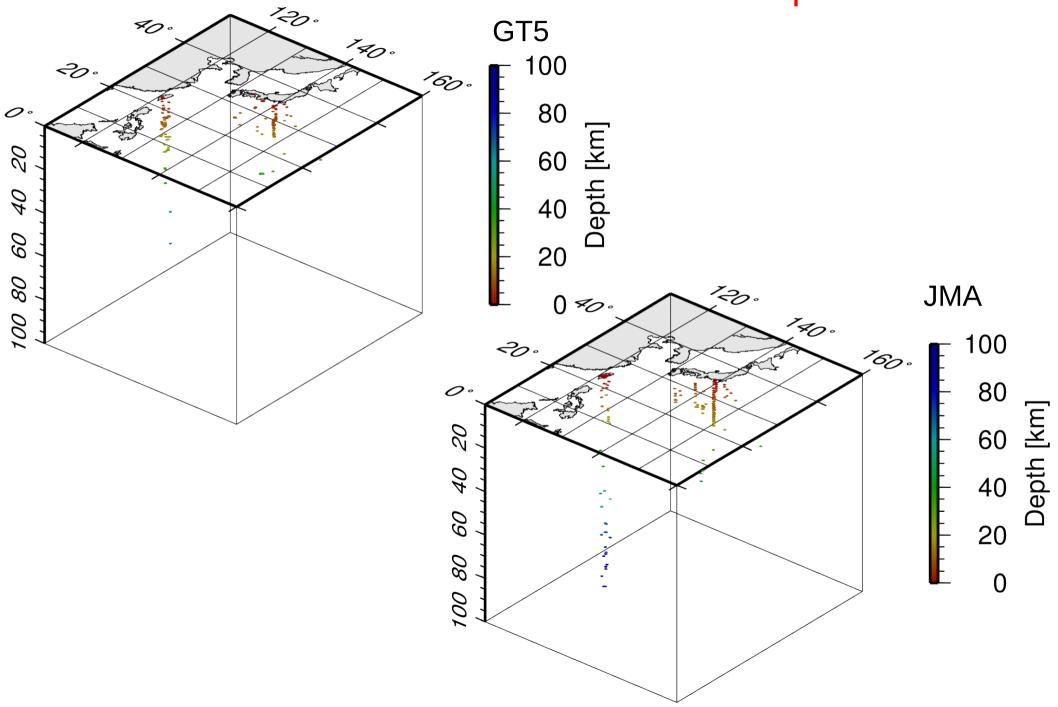
nb of events = 267



# IASPEI reference events – Network comparisons



# IASPEI reference events – Network comparisons



#### Conclusions

- → The GT database contains a substantial number of reference events for increased accuracy of event locations, better modelling of velocities of seismic waves and more accurate travel time determinations.
- → Depth and origin time estimates depend strongly on the velocity structure, thus, the GT network criteria focus on location accuracy only.
- → The GT database shows poor raypath coverage in the South hemisphere that can be improved by collecting arrival time data from temporary deployments.
- → The ISC will continue to maintain and routinely update the "IASPEI reference events" list.

#### Acknowledgements

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